Southern Nevada Health District anticipates that language similar to the following examples will likely be included in the contract awarded for 24ITB008. These examples are not intended to represent the contract to be awarded in its entirety:

WHEREAS, Health District is the public health entity organized pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes (“NRS”), Chapter 439, with jurisdiction over all public health matters within Clark County, Nevada;

This Agreement is subject to the availability of funding and shall be terminated immediately if for any reason state and/or federal funding ability, or grant funding budgeted to satisfy this Agreement is withdrawn, limited, or impaired.

BOOKS AND RECORDS.

Each Party shall keep and maintain under generally accepted accounting principles full, true and complete books, records, and documents as are necessary to fully disclose to the other Party, properly empowered government entities, or their authorized representatives, upon audits or reviews, sufficient information to determine compliance with the terms of this Agreement and any applicable statutes and regulations. All such books, records and documents shall be retained by each Party in accordance with its respective Records Retention Schedule, or for a minimum of five (5) years from the date of termination of this Agreement; whichever is longer. This retention time shall be extended when an audit is scheduled or in progress for a period of time reasonably necessary to complete said audit and/or to complete any administrative and/or judicial proceedings which may ensue.

Health District shall, at all reasonable times, have access to Contractor’s records, calculations, presentations and reports for inspection and reproduction.

MUTUAL COOPERATION. Each Party shall fully cooperate with the other in the furtherance of this Agreement, and will provide assistance to one another in the investigation and resolution of any complaints, claims, actions or proceedings that may arise out of the provision of Services hereunder.

STATUS OF PARTIES, INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR. Contractor will provide Services in accordance with this Agreement as an independent contractor to Health District. Nothing contained in this Agreement will be construed to create a joint venture or partnership, or the relationship of principal and agent or employer and employee, between Contractor and Health District. Nothing in this Agreement or the relationship between Health District, Contractor, or Contractor staff shall create a co-employment or joint employer relationship.

SEVERABILITY. If any provision contained in this Agreement is held to be unenforceable by a court of law or equity, this Agreement shall be construed as if such provision did not exist and the non-enforceability of such provision shall not be held to render any other provision or provisions of this Agreement unenforceable.

ASSIGNMENT. Contractor shall not assign, transfer, or delegate any rights, obligations or duties under this Agreement without the Health District’s prior written consent.

USE OF NAME AND LOGO. Contractor may not use the Health District’s name, mark, logo, design or other Health District symbol for any purpose without the Health District’s prior written
consent. Contractor agrees that Health District, in its sole discretion, may impose restrictions on the use of its name and/or logo. Health District retains the right to terminate, with or without cause, Contractor’s right to use the Health District’s name and/or logo.

NON-DISCRIMINATION. As Equal Opportunity Employers, the Parties have an ongoing commitment to hire, develop, recruit and assign the best and most qualified individuals possible. The Parties employ employees without regard to race, sex, color, religion, age, ancestry, national origin, marital status, status as a disabled veteran, or veteran of the Vietnam era, disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or expression. The Parties likewise agree that each will comply with all state and federal employment discrimination statutes, including but not limited to Title VII, and the American with Disabilities Act.

STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY. The Parties acknowledge to the best of their knowledge, information, and belief, and to the extent required by law, neither Party nor any of its respective employees/contractors is/are: i) currently excluded, debarred, suspended, or otherwise ineligible to participate in federal health care programs or in federal procurement or non-procurement programs; and ii) has/have not been convicted of a federal or state offense that falls within the ambit of 42 USC 1320a-7(a).

CLEAN AIR ACT (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.) and the FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387), as amended. Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

BYRD ANTI LOBBYING AMENDMENT (31 U.S.C. 1352)—Contractor certifies that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Contractor must also disclose to Health District any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award. Such disclosures will be forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award.

DAVIS-BACON ACT, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). Contractor must comply as applicable with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, “Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction”). In accordance with the statute, Contractor and all sub-contractors must pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, Contractor and all sub-contractors must pay wages not less than once a week. Contractor acknowledged the current prevailing wage determination by placing a copy issued by the Department of Labor in its response to 24ITB008 dated ______, 2024, and Health District’s decision to award a contract is conditioned upon Contractor’s acceptance of the wage determination. Contractor must promptly report all suspected or reported violations to the Health District in writing. Additionally, Contractor must comply with the Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, “Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States”). The Act provides that each contractor and/or
sub-contractor is prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. Contractor is responsible for ensuring its and its sub-contractors’ compliance with this Section ____, and must promptly report all suspected or reported violations to Health District in writing.

**CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708).** All contracts awarded by a non-Federal entity in excess of $100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, Contractor and (each sub-contractor, as applicable) is required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.

**PREVAILING WAGE.** In addition to fulfilling all federal requirements concerning payment of construction workers using federal funding, Contractor shall ensure that all of its employees (and its sub-contractor’s employees) assigned to the Project are paid at least the Prevailing Wages for Clark County, Nevada, as established by the State of Nevada through its Office of the Labor Commissioner. In providing the Services under this Agreement, Contractor agrees to comply as applicable with NRS Chapter 338, including but not limited to the State of Nevada’s Prevailing Wage Act, NRS 338.020-090.

**APPRENTICESHIPS.** Contractor agrees to ensure its compliance (and subcontractor compliance as applicable) with Nevada’s Apprenticeship Utilization Act pursuant to NRS 338.040.

**BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL.** Contractor certifies that it is not currently engaged in, and agrees for the term of this Agreement not to engage in, a boycott of Israel pursuant to NRS 332.065

**INTEGRATION CLAUSE.** This Agreement, including all Attachments hereto, as it may be amended from time to time, contains the entire agreement among the Parties relative to the subject matters hereof.

**COMPLIANCE WITH LEGAL OBLIGATIONS.** Contractor shall perform the Services in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, statutes, regulations, appropriations legislation and industry standards, including but not limited to all applicable provisions of Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR Part 200 and 45 CFR Part 75.

**EXCLUSIVITY.** This Agreement is non-exclusive and both Parties remain free to enter into similar agreements with third parties. Contractor may, during the term of this Agreement or any extension thereof, perform services for any other clients, persons, or companies as Contractor sees fit, so long as the performance of such services does not interfere with Contractor’s performance of obligations under this Agreement, and does not, in the opinion of Health District, create a conflict of interest.
GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the Parties hereto shall be
governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Nevada, without regard to any
conflicts of laws principles, with Clark County, Nevada as the exclusive venue of any action or
proceeding related to or arising out of this Agreement.

PUBLIC RECORDS. Health District is a public entity subject to Nevada’s Public Records Act
pursuant to NRS Chapter 239. Accordingly, information or documents, including this Agreement
and any other documents generated incidental thereto may be opened to public inspection and
copying unless a particular record is made confidential by law or a common law balancing of
interests.

NO PRIVATE RIGHT CREATED. The Parties do not intend to create in any other individual or entity
the status of a third-party beneficiary, and this Agreement shall not be construed to create such
status. The rights, duties, and obligations contained in the Agreement shall operate only
between the Parties to this Agreement, and shall inure solely to the benefit of the Parties
determining and performing their obligations under this Agreement.

STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY. The Parties acknowledge to the best of their knowledge,
information, and belief, and to the extent required by law, neither Party nor any of its respective
employees/contractors is/are: i) currently excluded, debarred, suspended, or otherwise ineligible
to participate in federal health care programs or in federal procurement or non-procurement
programs; and ii) has/have not been convicted of a federal or state offense that falls within the
ambit of 42 USC 1320a-7(a). If Contractor status changes at any time pursuant to this Subsection
13.17, Contractor agrees to immediately notify Health District in writing, and Health District may
terminate this Agreement for cause as described in the above Section 1.

CODE OF CONDUCT. By executing the Agreement, Contractor acknowledges it has read and
agrees to comply as applicable with Health District’s Code of Conduct, which is available online
at:

https://media.southernnevadahealthdistrict.org/download/FQHC-2020/20200129/20200129-
VII-1-Code-of-Conduct-Booklet-Leguen-Signature.pdf

FALSE CLAIMS ACT. Contractor is aware that provision of any false, fictitious, or fraudulent
information and/or the omission of any material fact may subject it to criminal, civil, and/or
administrative penalties. Additionally, the Health District may terminate this Agreement for
cause as described in Section 1 of the Agreement, and may withhold payment to Contractor,
and/or require that Contractor return some or all payments made with Grant funds to Health
District.
ATTACHMENT [__]

REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-FEDERAL PROCUREMENT CONTRACTORS RECEIVING PAYMENT MADE WITH FEDERAL FUNDS

As a procurement contractor receiving payment made with federal funds, Contractor agrees to ensure its compliance as applicable with the following:

A. 2 CFR §200.317, PROCUREMENT BY STATES. When procuring property and services under a federal award, a state (or political subdivision of a state) must follow the same policies and procedures it uses for procurements from its non-federal funds. A state receiving federal funds will comply with §§ 200.321, 200.322, and 200.323 and ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by § 200.327. All other non-federal entities, including sub-recipients of a state, must follow the procurement standards in §§ 200.318 through 200.327.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE PROCUREMENT STANDARDS. Contractor agrees to follow and comply with 2 CFR §§200.318 General Procurement Standards through 200.327 Contract Provisions as applicable.

B.1 2 CFR §200.322, DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS. As is appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, Contractor should, to the greatest extent practicable, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States.

C. UNIFORM GUIDANCE CONTRACT PROVISIONS. In accordance with 2 CFR Part 200 Appendix II to Part 200—Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entities, Contractor agrees to follow and comply with all applicable contract provisions contained therein. These provisions may include the following:

C.1 REMEDIES. Contracts for more than the simplified acquisition threshold currently set at $250,000, which is the inflation-adjusted amount determined by the Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council (Councils) as authorized by 41 U.S.C. 1908, must address administrative, contractual, or legal remedies in instances where contractors violate or breach contract terms, and provide for such sanctions and penalties as appropriate.

C.2 TERMINATION. All federally funded contracts in excess of $10,000 must address termination for cause and for convenience by the non-Federal entity including the manner by which it will be effected and the basis for settlement.

C.4  **DAVIS-BACON ACT**, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of $2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, “Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction”). In accordance with the statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. The contracts must also include a provision for compliance with the Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, “Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States”). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.

C.5  **CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT** (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708). Where applicable, all contracts awarded by a non-Federal entity in excess of $100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, each contractor must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.

C.6  **RIGHTS TO INVENTIONS MADE UNDER A CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT.** If the Federal award meets the definition of “funding agreement” under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and the recipient or subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that “funding agreement,” the recipient or subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements,”
and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.

C.7 CLEAN AIR ACT (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.) and the FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387), as amended—Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of $150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

C.8 ENERGY EFFICIENCY. The Parties will comply with mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency, which are contained in the state energy conservation plan issued in compliance with the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201).

C.9 DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION. (Executive Orders 12549 and 12689)—A contract award (see 2 CFR 180.220) must not be made to parties listed on the governmentwide Excluded Parties List System in the System for Award Management (SAM), in accordance with the OMB guidelines at 2 CFR 180 that implement Executive Orders 12549 (3 CFR Part 1986 Comp., p. 189) and 12689 (3 CFR Part 1989 Comp., p. 235), “Debarment and Suspension.” The Excluded Parties List System in SAM contains the names of parties debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded by agencies, as well as parties declared ineligible under statutory or regulatory authority other than Executive Order 12549.

(a) Furthermore, each of Contractor’s vendors and sub-contractors will certify that to the best of its respective knowledge and belief, that it and its principals are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.


C.11 PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS. A non-Federal entity that is a state agency or agency of a political subdivision of a state and its contractors must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials
practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds $10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired by the preceding fiscal year exceeded $10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.

D. Contractor will ensure its compliance as applicable with the Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), codified as Public Law 117-58 on November 15, 2021, and as may be amended from time to time; provisions of which as of the time of the execution of this Agreement are proposed by the federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to be adopted as new part 184 in 2 CFR Chapter I to support implementation of IIJA, and to further clarify existing requirements within 2 CFR 200.322. These proposed revisions are intended to improve uniformity and consistency in the implementation of “Build America, Buy America (BABA) requirements across government. OMB’s proposed action, dated February 9, 2023, can be reviewed online at https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2023/02/09/2023-02617/guidance-for-grants-and-agreements. Public Law 117-58 may be reviewed online at https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/3684/text.

E. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT. Contractor certifies it is in compliance with 2 CFR §200.216 as published on August 13, 2020, and as may be amended from time to time, and Contractor has not and will not use federal funds to:

(1) Procure or obtain;

(2) Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or

(3) Enter into a contract to procure or obtain;

(i) equipment, services, or systems using covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as a critical technology as part of any system. As described in Public Law 115—232, Section 889, covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

(ii) For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

(iii) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment.

(iv) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

E.1 See Public Law 115—232, section 889 for additional information.

E.2 See also 2 CFR §§200.216 and 200.471, as may be amended from time to time.